

Priestley Primary School

Writing Assessment Steps

Steps 19 - 21



Yr6	Transcription / Word	Handwriting	Sentence	Punctuation	Composition
End of Year Expectations					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can use a range of strategies to support accurate spelling in my writing I can tell the difference between vocabulary typical of informal speech and vocabulary appropriate for formal speech and writing [for example, <i>find out – discover; ask for – request; go in – enter</i>] I can tell how words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms [for example, <i>big, large, little</i>]. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can choose an appropriate handwriting style for a particular task. I can choose the writing implement that is best suited for the task. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can use the passive to affect the presentation of information in a sentence [for example, <i>I broke the window in the greenhouse</i> versus <i>The window in the greenhouse was broken (by me)</i>]. I can recognise the difference between structures typical of informal speech and structures appropriate for formal speech and writing [for example, the use of question tags: <i>He's your friend, isn't he?</i>, or the use of subjunctive forms such as <i>If I were</i> or <i>Were they to come</i> in some very formal writing and speech] 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can use of the semi-colon, colon and dash to mark the boundary between independent clauses [for example, <i>It's raining; I'm fed up</i>] I can use a colon to introduce a list and use of semi-colons within lists I can use bullet points to list information How hyphens can be used to avoid ambiguity [for example, <i>man eating shark</i> versus <i>man-eating shark</i>, or <i>recover</i> versus <i>re-cover</i>] 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can use my own knowledge to plan, draft, write and edit my own composition can use a wide range of devices to build cohesion within and across paragraphs : repetition of a word or phrase, grammatical connections [for example, the use of adverbials such as <i>on the other hand, in contrast, or as a consequence</i>], and ellipsis I can choose the appropriate tone for my writing (informal or formal) I can perform my own compositions, considering my audience using appropriate intonation, volume and movement I can propose changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance meaning and improve my work. I can use Layout devices [for example, headings, sub-headings, columns, bullets, or tables, to structure text] 	
21.3 Mastering I am enthusiastic and curious about the etymology of new words	21.3 Mastering I can adapt my writing for different purposes	21.3 Mastering My writing is complex and considered and uses a variety of sentence structures to create precise effects	21.3 Mastering I can use all punctuation effectively and accurately to create specific effects on the reader	21.3 Mastering I can evaluate and edit my writing, using my own and others' suggestions as well as texts I have read	
21.1 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can always use the first three or four letters of a word to check spelling meaning or both of these in a dictionary I can choose to use a thesaurus to define words and collect a variety of words to support writing 	21.2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can always write legibly and fluently and within increasing speed 	21.2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can use the passive accurately in my work. I can select appropriate formal or informal speech dependent on genre or audience and use the subjunctive forms. 	21.2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can independently use semi-colons, colons and dashes accurately (boundaries and lists). I can use an ellipsis accurately in my work I can use bullet points appropriately. 	21.2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can use ideas from authors I have read, listened to, or seen performed in my own writing I can précis longer passages I can evaluate and edit by assessing the effectiveness of my own and others writing I can propose changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning 	
20.2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can spell all words on the year 5 and 6 word list I can independently use a 	20.2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can always write legibly and fluently and within increasing speed 	20.2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can demonstrate how to use the passive to affect the presentation of a sentence. 	20.2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can use semi-colons, colons and dashes (boundaries and lists). 	20.2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can develop ideas for writing, drawing on reading and secondary resources 	

	dictionary to check the spelling and meaning of words	20.1		20.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can tell the difference between vocabulary typical of informal speech and vocabulary appropriate for formal speech and writing [for example, <i>find out – discover; ask for – request; go in – enter</i>] I can use words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms [for example, <i>big, large, little</i>]. 	20.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can write appropriate sentences using formal and informal speech. 	20.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can use an ellipsis as an omission of a word I can use bullet points to list information 	20.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can organise and present my writing using devices that structure text and guide the reader, e.g. heading, bullet points and underlining I can ensure the consistent and correct use of tense throughout a piece of writing I can assure correct subject and verb agreement when using singular and plural. I can use Layout devices [for example, headings, sub-headings, columns, bullets, or tables, to structure text]
19.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can use further prefixes and suffixes I can spell many words with silent letters I can always distinguish between more complex homophones 	19.2		19.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I understand how the passive affects the presentation of information. I can identify the difference between formal and informal speech structures. 	19.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can identify a semi-colon, colons and dashes within a text and explain how they are used (boundaries and lists). 	19.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can identify a semi-colon, colons and dashes within a text and explain how they are used (boundaries and lists). 	19.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can select the appropriate form of writing after identifying the audience and purpose of the writing I can draft and write by selecting appropriate grammar and vocabulary and understand how such choices can change and enhance meaning
19.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can recognise the difference between vocabulary typical of informal speech and vocabulary appropriate for formal speech and writing [for example, <i>find out – discover; ask for – request; go in</i> I can tell how words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms 	19.1		19.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I understand that an ellipsis is an omission of a word. I can identify how an author uses bullet points within a text. 	19.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I understand that an ellipsis is an omission of a word. I can identify how an author uses bullet points within a text. 	19.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In narratives describe setting, characters and atmosphere and integrate dialogue to convey character and advance the action I can proof read for spelling and punctuation errors and to improve my work. I can recognise how layout devices [for example, headings, subheadings, columns, bullets, or tables, to structure text] 	19.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In narratives describe setting, characters and atmosphere and integrate dialogue to convey character and advance the action I can proof read for spelling and punctuation errors and to improve my work. I can recognise how layout devices [for example, headings, subheadings, columns, bullets, or tables, to structure text]

Terminology

- Modal verb, relative pronoun, relative clause, parenthesis, bracket, dash, cohesion, ambiguity